

The Daily Gazette,

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY,

HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,

IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS: SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

CHARLES HOLT. HIRSH BOWEN. DANIEL WILCOX.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Twelve lines close matter, or its equivalent in space,

constitute a square.

1 Square 1 day, \$1.75

do do 2 days, 3.00

do do 3 days, 4.00

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do do 91 days, 92.00

do do 92 days, 93.00

THE FARMER'S TESTIMONIAL

AND

THE PEOPLE'S CERTIFICATE.

W. H. B. the undersigned, citizens of Rock county, do

certify that we have purchased Boots (of their

own manufacture) from

Messrs. Hemming & Thomas

at various times, and have worn them constantly for the

length of time heretofore.

Name. Residence. Cost. Time Worn.

Henry Wright, Portage, \$1.75 15 months.

Michael Allen, Portage, 4.00 2 years.

J. P. Allen, Portage, 5.00 18 months.

The Lynch, Portage, 5.00 20 "

Robert Copping, Janesville, 5.00 12 "

Robert Wilson, Portage, 5.00 12 "

S. H. Doolittle, Janesville, 5.00 15 "

John Crall, Portage, 4.00 12 "

C. S. Cushman, Janesville, 5.00 18 "

J. D. Cagle, Portage, 5.00 12 "

John Tracy, Portage, 4.00 14 "

John Henry, Portage, 5.00 18 "

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JUST RECEIVED

Another lot of those Fine

AMERICAN WATCHES!

Fine and Fashionable Jewelry,

Sterling Silver Ware, viz:

Tea and Table Spoons, Sugar and Salt

Shells, Cream Ladles, Butter and

Fruit Knives, Napkin Rings,

Silver Plated Ware

of all kinds, the very best manufactured.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

SCISSORS, SHEARS, &c.

GILBERT'S PATENT "ZORZ"

warranted to shave to your satisfaction.

CLOCKS & TIME PIECES.

All goods put up are warranted to give satisfaction

or money refunded.

Particular attention paid to repairing Fine

Watches, Jewelry and Clocks repaired and cleaned

in good style.

CASH PAID FOR OLD SILVER.

S. C. SPAULDING, No. 1, Myers Block.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?

DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

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CHARGES FOR ADVERTISING.
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1 Square 1 day, \$5.00
do 2 " 10.00
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MEMOR. EDITORS: On leaving your nervous little city, away up on Rock river, in the early part of the week, it was my purpose to dash you off a few "short notes by the way." But there seemed to be no point on the route where there was sufficient time or convenience for writing; and writing in the cars, latterly is all up. Fire and water, antagonistic elements though they be, when they "put their heads together" are bound to have their own way. On this occasion they seemed to realize that something was going on, somewhere—and somebody was on board who wanted to go there.

We reached the capital on Wednesday p. m., one thousand and twelve miles in forty-two hours running time. The weather was charming during the entire route; all vestiges of snow disappeared soon after leaving Chicago, excepting a little "patch" on the Alleghany mountains soon after passing the "long tunnel" on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

We passed Harper's Ferry at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. The train waited at this historical point ten minutes—whether to give passengers an opportunity to indulge in "remembrances of the past," I know not—at any rate our party were prompt to turn the few minutes delay to that account, for the cars had barely ceased moving, when the whole party were on the bridge, all anxiously enquiring "where's the John Brown fort?" A little boy of unmistakable African features, but of questionable complexion, squinting suspiciously towards the "F. F. V.'s," seemed to be charged with the high functions of public guide and commentator general of these renowned precincts!—a kind of "Pub Func" of Harper's Ferry!!

On our arrival at the capital we found the city all active with a mixed multitude, of various mien and bearing—good nature prominent, but anxiety preponderating, all intent upon politics in general, and office-seeking in particular.

Post-offices seem to be the great rage—I was asked several times on the way, "what post-office do you want?" I must say I was somewhat tempted to go in for the Janesville post-office, on the ground that where there are so many applicants, defeat will not at any rate seem to be disgraceful.

There is no such thing as bridling Old Abe by going up on the blind side. He dislikes anything that looks like pulling, or management. He will not get over in a day, the manner in which his friends "put him through" his last six hours' journey to Washington, whether there was any real reason for it or not. There is nothing in my riding on a flat boat, and that has been the custom of his life—out, where he could see folks and have them see him.

Politically, everything is piled in the usual cauldron of the last day of the session, and the mess will be hurried off in hot haste long before you receive this.

You will have learned by telegraph what the fate of the House's Peace Compromise measure has been. At this present writing its final fate has not transpired. But from the way it was commented upon in the senate by Messrs. Mason, Hunter and Green, it is no sort of matter what becomes of it. It won't save the border states if they can help it. The slavery agitation of which they are the originators, they are determined shall never be quieted. Its their sole stock in trade, and they can't afford to sell out at any price.

But my notes are already too long. Yours truly, A. G.— Washington, March 2, 1861.

W. C. Rogers has been recommended for postmaster in La Crosse at a caucus of the republicans of that city. He received 65 votes, A. McLean 31, M. F. Colton, and "scattering" 8.

Gov. Chase Accepts.—Gov. Chase decided only yesterday morning to accept the proffered position in the cabinet. He left with reluctance the senate, to which he was elected for a full term last winter. We are heartily glad that he has accepted the new position, as just such a man as he is needed in the important office to which he has been assigned.

Frederick W. Seward, son of the ex-senator, and long assistant editor of the Albany Journal, has been confirmed as Assistant Secretary of State.

President Buchanan was threatened with assassination in Baltimore four years ago, and he was consequently taken through without stopping—three hours in advance of the proposed time. It is well for this nearly forgotten fact now to be recalled.

We have noticed this paragraph in two or three of our exchanges. If any of them can give the particulars, they will be highly acceptable and useful just at this time.

MARYLAND AND THE ADMINISTRATION.—A special dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette, dated Baltimore the 5th, says—"The president's inaugural has been extensively read here. Many think it not sufficiently explicit regarding the existing national troubles, but it is generally well spoken of, and hopes are freely entertained that it will have a good effect in restoring peace to the country. Maryland will unhesitatingly support the policy of Mr. Lincoln's inaugural, in preference to secession or disunion in any shape. A vast crowd has returned from Washington homeward."

NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENT.—The Milwaukee Sentinel puts on a neat, new dress—a good evidence of prosperity and the continued support of the public.

The Richmond Whig says that South Carolina is pursuing a suicidal course. We don't know of any state that could better pursue such a course with greater advantage to mankind.—Louisville Journal.

In the SENATE, the bill to remove the county seat of Dodge county to Beaver Dam was killed "dead."

Mr. Bartlett, from the state prison committee, which had recently visited the state prison, read a long and able report. The committee speak very highly of the excellent management of the institution, as efficient, humane and salutary. The report was accompanied by bills necessary to carry out the recommendations it contained.

A resolution, directing the committee to visit St. Mary's Hospital in Milwaukee, was adopted. The resolution has passed both houses.

A bill to allow the names of circuit and supreme judges to be on separate ballots, was indefinitely postponed.

The assembly bill to amend the statutes, of the forms of civil actions and parties thereto, was passed under suspension of the rules, and needs only the signature of the governor to become a law. It provides for bringing into court all persons interested in cases pending.

The resolution, from the assembly, endorsing the inaugural message was passed with only one vote (Sweet, a democrat from Dane county,) against it. Maxon and Decker, two other democrats, were excused from voting.

The bill legalizing sales and proceedings of executors and administrators, heretofore made, and hereafter to be made, in certain circumstances, was passed.

The bill to amend last winter's law, in relation to grand and petit juries, was passed. It authorizes the judge to order not more than 35 nor less than 16 names, in the jury box, to be drawn from.

In the ASSEMBLY, the committee on apportionment reported back the resolution referred to them recommending that the number of senators be fixed at 33, and assemblymen at 100. Adopted.

Authorizing the city of Appleton to exchange bonds with its present bondholders. Amend Revised Statutes, "Inquests of the dead."

Amend Revised Statutes, "Taxes." To allow exemptions more equally than at present.

To reduce the number of copies of reports of state officers to be printed hereafter.

To authorize the secretary of state to audit accounts for rent, etc.

A NEW PHASE OF THE GEORGIA SEIZURE.—It is understood that one of the New York vessels recently seized at Savannah, by order of the governor of Georgia, had shipped nine hundred bales of cotton belonging to an Englishman, and that the despoiled shipper has set off post-haste to Washington to lay his grievances before the British minister. If this report be true, the federal government will be called upon to interfere, and the contest between New York and Georgia will take the shape of a government investigation, in which case Gov. Brown will probably find that he has more on his hands than he bargained for. The case is becoming interesting.

REPORT CONTRADICTION.—It is now said that Mr. Lincoln did not pass through Baltimore in disguise. The Tribune's Washington correspondent says: "I am able to say authoritatively that it is not true that Mr. Lincoln came from Harrisburg to this city in disguise. On the contrary, he came in his usual citizen's dress, unaccompanied by any one except Cal. Lamon, who is one of his suite." This latter is also corroborated, in similar language, by the correspondent of the Herald.

THE COUNTERFEITERS.—Simon Honck and J. R. Negus, the two men who were arrested in Chicago on Friday night for passing counterfeit money on the Madison Bank of Wisconsin, were brought before Justices Akin and Davis, in that city, on Saturday, and held to bail in \$800 each for further examination. Mr. Honck has hitherto borne an irreproachable character, and this sudden disclosure falls with crushing weight upon an estimable family.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL.

WASHINGTON, March 2.

AN IMPORTANT MEASURE DEFEATED.—The House spent many hours in the consideration of the post office and civil bills and senate amendments, after which a very important measure was brought up and voted on. This was the bill of Bingham of Ohio, providing for the collection of customs on shipping in secured states, and authorizing the president, when deemed necessary, to employ the naval forces to execute the revenue laws. This was a bill which the republican caucus agreed to support time ago, and they supported it without flinching, except a few dodges. Unluckily for the bill it was crowded into the last day, when it could not be taken up without suspension of the rules, and it failed to get the requisite two-thirds, by ayes 103, noes 62, showing a very heavy majority for the measure.

POSTAL SYSTEM IN C. S. A.—The congress of the "one-house confederacy" have adopted an act, raising the rates of letter postage to five cents for any distance under 500 miles and ten cents for all distances over 500 miles, also fixing the rates of postage at two cents on drop letters.—The postal committee recommended the discontinuance of a large number of offices and routes, and the adoption of the "star bid" system of awarding mail contracts—giving the contracts to the lowest bidder, without regard to the manner or the speed of conveyance!

RED AGAINST BLACK REPUBLICANISM.—Col. Wm. F. Sanford, of Alabama, who has long favored a dissolution of the Union, is now for co-operation and a common and united policy to preserve our institutions common to the south. He writes to the editor of the Tusculgee Republican that his views and feelings have been much misunderstood and misrepresented—that he has been denied a hearing through the most ultra papers, and says, "We are in the hands of revolutionary cabals. It is red against black republicanism." We fear there is too much truth in this remark of Col. Sanford.—Nashville Patriot.

A GRANDSON OF SENATOR CRITTENDEN KILLED.—On the 8th inst., a duel was fought near Duaneville, on the Florida and Georgia line, between Edwin Hart, editor of the Florida Sentinel, and Crittenden Coleman, grandson of Senator Crittenden. Both were killed on the ground.

We raise the name of Hon. Orasmus Cole as a candidate for re-election to the office of associate justice of the supreme court.

A large number of calls addressed to Judge Cole, and numerous signed by citizens of all sections of the state, irrespective of party, have been forwarded to him asking him to become a candidate. We annex a copy of one of these calls together with Judge Cole's response:

TO THE HON. ORASMUS COLE:—The undersigned, citizens of the state of Wisconsin, having full confidence in your integrity, learning, ability and fitness for the office of associate justice of the supreme court of this state, which you now hold and honor, respectfully request you to become a candidate for re-election.

MADISON, MARCH 6, 1861.

GENTLEMEN:—I am in receipt of your communication requesting me to allow the use of my name as a candidate for re-election to the office of associate justice of the supreme court.

I have likewise received other communications of a similar character, signed by citizens in different parts of the state, and making like request. I am unable to give any other reply to these various communications than to return herein my sincere thanks to the signers of them, for the sentiments of confidence and regard which they have expressed towards me, and in compliance with their request, to announce myself a candidate for the office of associate justice of the supreme court at the coming election.

I remain respectfully yours,

O. COLE. To Messrs J. C. Hopkins, Chas. T. Wakeley, O. H. Waldo, John Naeve, W. E. Wooding, Wm. O. Allen, John H. Root and others.

Judge Cole is one of the very best men in the state. All men who know him have unlimited confidence in his integrity and impartiality. He has the benefit of six years' experience on the bench. Men of all parties ought to unite for his re-election.—When we get a good man on the bench let us keep him there.

We are gratified to observe the names of many democrats upon these calls. For example, in the one circulated here, we see, among others, the names of Judge Hood, Calvin Ainsworth, L. B. Vilas, Wm. H. Hasbrouck, J. D. Gurnee, A. B. Braley, H. F. Larkin, and other prominent and well known democrats. The same feature characterizes the calls from Racine, Grant, Walworth, and other counties which we have examined.

THE TERRITORIES.—It is said by the advocates of slavery extension that as the territories are held by the north and south in common, each having an undivided interest therein, it is but fair that the immigrants from either section should have the privilege of using such kind of labor as they may choose in cultivating the soil, or in pursuit of other branches of industry.—And this privilege is claimed as an essential element in that "equality of the states" which the constitution was intended to secure.

At a first view there seems to be some plausibility in this way of arguing. Looked at, however, a little more carefully, we think this common ownership of the territorial domain will be seen to be a conclusive reason against the extension of slavery thereto.

It is precisely because we of the north do possess this interest in the territories, that we deny the right of the south to do anything which shall injure or deteriorate our property or owned. We look upon the territories as lands held for the planting of not only of corn, or wheat, or cotton, but also as countries for the planting of institutions which shall be beneficial agencies for continuing the blessings of civilization, learning and religion to those who are to come after us in future generations, and for whom we hold this great property in trust. It is our honest thought—our deepest conviction that slavery is a curse and hindrance to true prosperity—and we claim the same right to keep it out of the moral field in which we hold a share, as to exclude from our farms the seeds of the noxious weeds which betoken the effects of the primeval curse.

Look at the census and realize the need which free society has for expansion and development, and say it is not only our right but our duty to guard the public domain and keep it sacred to freedom—to the ideas which underlie our history—our declaration of independence, our progress in all that makes a people truly great!—Chicago Tribune.

FOUR COUNTERFEITERS SHOT.—At Poca-bontas, Tennessee, a family consisting of an old man and his two sons, named respectively William S. Carper, George and William Carper, and his son-in-law, whose name is Gruder, were lately arrested on a charge of counterfeiting. The testimony, including that of a confederate, implicated them in the doings of a gang who are concerned in horse stealing and robbery, and the making of spurious gold coins, which manufacture, the evidence went to show, is carried on in Memphis. The men were arrested on a charge of being concerned in the manufacture of \$24 pieces, and on examination were bound over for trial. On being released, they threatened to take the lives of the prosecutor and of their old associate who had made revelations.

The citizens became indignant at this defiance of law, and on Tuesday afternoon proceeded to re-conduct them to prison. After a struggle, they succeeded in disarming the men, but on proceeding to take them to prison, the four made a desperate effort to escape, and an exciting scene ensued. The citizens, determined that such bold villains should not again prey upon the community, fired upon them as they tried to run off. The shots were numerous, and not one of the four men escaped being hit; some of them were struck four or five times.

W. S. Carper was killed on the spot, Geo. Carper was not expected to survive on Tuesday night, Wm. Carper was lying in a critical condition, and Gruder was seriously but not fatally injured. Geo. Carper was recently tried, probably in Memphis, on a charge of stealing a trunk containing sixteen hundred dollars.

We get the particulars, as nearly as we have been collected, from the Memphis Appeal of Thursday.

STRECK THE RIGHT STRIKE.—We have never heard a public document spoken of in terms of more general approval and satisfaction than that which has greeted President Lincoln's inaugural message. It has touched the right cord in every patriotic heart—its unpretending sincerity, its bold and frank tone, and its persuasive logic meet with but one response. Men of all parties endorse it, and we have heard hundreds of democrats with whom we have labored side by side for years say that if that was republicanism they were republicans—and we freely echo the sentiment. Only five democrats in the assembly yesterday voted against a resolution cordially endorsing it.

We shall be surprised if the calm, statesman-like and clear tone of the message does not do more to restore peace and confidence to the country than all the movements of politicians since the election. We do not see how southern fire-eaters could go to going to jump New Hampshire. N. B. Judd of Chicago is nominated as minister to Berlin, and H. M. Keesman secretary of legation to the same place.

John A. Hanson of Ohio is nominated as 1st assistant post master general.

No nomination is yet made of successor to Gen. Twiggs. The President has Major



REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot.

MONTGOMERY, March 6. Congress confirmed John H. Reagan of Texas post master general in place of Eliot of Mississippi, declined.

WASHINGTON, March 6. The Californians, 144 strong, called upon the president this p. m.

Eugene Sullivan, Leland Stanford and Dr. H. A. Canon paid their visit to Mr. Lincoln at the white house and from the white house they proceeded to the residence of Sen. Latham, of California, who invited them in, and after a feast in California wine to himself and wife, he made a stirring union speech closing with the expression of the hope that his visitors would get offices. This was received with a hearty concurrence. They then called on Sen. Baker, Vice President Hamlin, and Sen. Johnson. Their visit to Gen. Scott is deferred till tomorrow.

Numerous other state delegations were engaged in visiting.

Gen. Scott was called upon to make two speeches in the course of an hour and a half.

Crawford, Forsyth and Roman, the commissioners from the southern confederacy, are in Washington and it is said will make known the purpose of their visit to the President on Tuesday.

A number of senators of the late congress left to-day, among them was Ex-Senator Bigler of Pennsylvania.

The republican senators contemplate holding a caucus to agree on new officers for that body.

New York, Feb. 7.

The Herald's special correspondent from New Orleans dated the 6th inst., sends the following:

The opinion of leading men here is that Chase and Blair are the most objectionable men in Mr. Lincoln's cabinet. Great confidence is expressed that Mr. Seward, from his avowed position as to coercion, will inaugurate a peace policy, drop his irrepressible conflict principles and immortalize himself.

In the convention the resolutions introduced to-day, objecting to the tariff further than to secure revenue as also the security of the public domain to the state, are not intended to throw obstacles in the way of the formation of a southern confederacy.

St. Louis, Feb. 6. Among the resolutions offered in convention this morning and referred to the committee on federal relations, was one moving that a convention be called of all southern states not seceded, to meet at Nashville on the 15th of April. Another providing for such amendments to the constitution as shall secure to all the states equal rights in the Union, and declaring no reason existed why Missouri should secede, and that it would be highly injurious to her to do so. Another declaring that states having once bound themselves together, could not dissolve their connection at pleasure. Another that Missouri adopt a policy according to her own interests and invite western states to join her in the effort to maintain peaceful union between states.

Col. Doniphan offered resolutions declaring any attempt to use coercion by the federal government, would inevitably result in civil war and military despotism.

WASHINGTON, March 7.

The war department to-day received letters from Major Anderson, dated the 4th, but they contained nothing of special importance. The most friendly feelings exist between him and the South Carolina authorities. Postal facilities are still open to him and privileges of marketing to a limited extent continue.

Gen. Cameron leaves here to-day for Pennsylvania. He has not qualified as will require by Monday. In the meantime Mr. Holt, by request, will continue to discharge the duties of secretary of war.

John A. Jones, of Illinois, was to-day appointed superintendent of statistics in the state department, vice H. C. McLaughlin. Numerous others were visitors, and many applications for office filed.

The new cabinet held their first meeting to-day.

Despatches from flag-officer Strebel were received at the navy department to-day. He says that in consequence of the disturbed state of China, he had not until January 1st, considered it proper to send any vessel to the southward. The John Adams had sailed for Manila. He expected to go north with the Hartford and Saginaw.

The N. O. Picayune of 24, contains Galveston dates of 24th ult.

The Texas forces under Col. Ford, accompanied by commissioner Nichols, found at Brazos 20 soldiers under Lieut. Thompson, found guns and plenty of artillery stores, ammunition, &c. Capt. Hill had previously withdrawn his light battery, and with his party was en route to Brazos to destroy the gun carriages and moveables there.

On demanding of Capt. Hill the surrender of Fort Brown, he called Capt. Nichols and his men traitors, and sent to Fort Hing-gold for 200 men.

Capt. Hill's men say that he is determined to defend Fort Brown to the last, and would not obey any orders from Gen'l Twiggs to surrender.

The soldiers at Fort Brown were in excellent health and spirits.

Texas troops were being sent from Galveston to reinforce Col. Ford who was at Brownsville.

WASHINGTON, March 6.

Commodore Stewart is appointed president of the court martial for the trial of Capt. Armstrong. Commodores Shubrick, Paulding, Jarvis and Teed, with two captains, will compose the court. The charges against Armstrong are:

1st. Failure to reinforce Fort Pickens, when requested by Lieut. Slemmer.

2d. Failure to supply the fort with provisions.

Alexander Johnson says publicly that he wants nothing more to go to Tennessee upon, than Corwin's joint resolution.

Mrs. Lincoln was to-day presented with a span of magnificent horses upon the part of several New York gentlemen.

The feeling among the diplomatists is that the inaugural will be very acceptable to the European powers.

Judge Douglas received the following despatch to-day from Richmond: "Is there any hope; can we remain in the Union?" To which Douglas and Crittenden replied "Yes, there is hope; stand firm, and all will be right yet."

Anderson under advisement, but the probabilities favor Col. Sumner.

Influential parties are pressing Philip Dorchester for navy officer at New York. Judge Wilnot and others are urging S. N. Peters for governor of Nebraska.

Carl Schurz will doubtless have the Sardinian mission, Burlingame, the only other applicant, having withdrawn in his favor. A. M. Clapp, of the Buffalo Express, is to have the Buffalo post office.

The Markets.

New York, March 7.

Flour market little more active and a shade firmer, sales 10,000 bbls at 5,05a5,10 super state, 5,20a5,25 extra state, 5,05a5,10 super western, 5,20a5,30 common to medium extra western. Wheat market quiet and prices without material change, sales 40,000 bu at 1,17a northwestern club, 1,22 in store for Mill club, 1,28a winter red wheat in store.

MILWAUKEE, March 7.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady and unchanged, sales were made at 81c for No. 1 in store, and 78c for No. 2 do. Dressed hogs, prices remain unchanged.

THE KING AND SEIDLITZ POWDERS.—On the first consignment of seidlitz powders in the capital of Delhi, the monarch became deeply interested in the accounts of the refreshing box. A box was brought to the king in full court, and the interpreter explained to the king how it should be used. Into a goblet he put the twelve blue papers, and having added water, the king drank it off. This was the alkali, and the royal countenance expressed no signs of satisfaction. It was then explained that in the combination of the two powders lay the luxury; and the twelve white powders were quickly dissolved, and as eagerly swallowed by his majesty.

With a shriek that will be remembered while Delhi is numbered with the kingdoms, the monarch rose, staggered, unbalanced, and in his full agonies, exclaimed "Hold me down!" then rushed from the throne and fell prostrate on the floor.—There he laid during the long continued effervescence of the compound, spitting like ten thousands pennyworths of imperial pop, and believing himself in the agonies of death—a melancholy and humiliating proof that kings are mortal.

MARSHAL LEWIS AND HIS SUBS.—Marshal Lewis addresses a circular to his deputies, through the columns of the News, informing them of the result of his application to Superintendent Kennedy for money to pay them for taking the census. The reply of the superintendent is, that they will be paid off "just as soon as the government has the money for that object."

Now, we would suggest, to shorten matters, that Jehu had better take an order on the sub-treasurer at New Orleans. That functionary has a half million of the government funds in his hands, and he could not refuse to respond to an order in favor of so devoted a friend of southern rights as our marshal.—Free Democrat.

There is an exceedingly propriety in the Charleston Mercury coming forward to defend ex-securatory Floyd. Mercury was the god of thieves in the heathen system of mythology, and there is still something in a name.

Oil in Kansas.—Oil has been discovered in different parts of Kansas, and preparations are said to be making with a view to extensive operations in that line.

NECKLACES.—In France, necklaces were not worn by ladies until the reign of Charles the Seventh. The prince presented one of precious stones—some say of diamonds—to Agnes Sorel. The gems were probably uncut, perhaps unskilfully set, for the lady complained that they hurt her neck; and comparing it to an instrument of punishment, she denominated the ornament her carcan, i. e. carcanel. However, as the king admired it, she continued to wear the jewel, saying that one might learn some little inconvenience for those we love. The fashion was immediately adopted by the ladies of the court, and soon became general. From that time, the necklace has been more or less worn. Sometimes, as in the reign of Catherine de Medici, pearls were all the fashion; and the pictures of that queen, of the celebrated Diane de Poitiers, her rival, and of the fair Marie Stuart, show how recherche were those ladies in this respect. Under Marie de Medici, pearls continued in favor, not only for necklaces, but every other ornament of dress was covered with them, and fillets and strings of pearls were mingled with the tresses left to flow loose upon the shoulders. Under Louis the Fourteenth, diamonds superseded pearls, and were used with like profusion. Diamond rivieres took the place of strings of pearls.

MARRIED.

In the town of Janesville, at the home of the bride, on the 8th inst., by Rev. M. F. Kinney, Mr. MARK RIPLEY, of Iowa, and Miss ELIZABETH STRICK.

Your Pills work like a charm—no headache almost instantly.

Truly yours, W. W. C. FILLER.

Ypsilanti, Mich., Jan. 14, 1861.

Mr. Spalding, Sir: Not long since I sent you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Cephalic Pains, and received the same, which I had good effect that I was induced to send for more.

Please send by return mail. Direct to A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va. Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz: Cure of headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va. They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn. If you are, or have been troubled with the headache, send for a box (Cephalic Pills) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.

SAVE YOUR PIECES! DISPATCH! "A STRIKE IN TIME SAVES NINE."

As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N. B.—A Brush accompanies every Bottle. Price, 25 cents.

Address: HENRY C. SPALDING, No. 48 ORDER STREET, New York.

CAUTION.

As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to sell off as the unimpeachable public indication of my PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name, HENRY C. SPALDING, is on the outside wrapper; all others are swindling counterfeits.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained. They seldom fail in removing Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Constipation.

For Literary Men, Students, delicate females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

THE CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have proved and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach. They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS! The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.

Sold by Druggists and all other dealers in Medicines. A box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE 25 CENTS. All orders should be addressed to HENRY C. SPALDING, 48 Order Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF SPALDING'S CEPHALIC PILLS, will convince all who suffer from

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MESSRS. EDITORS: On leaving your nervous little city, away up on Rock river, in the early part of the week, it was my purpose to dash you off a few "short notes by the way." But there seemed to be no point on the route where there was sufficient time or convenience for writing; and writing in the cars, latterly is all up. Fire and water, antagonistic elements though they be, when they "put their heads together" are bound to have their own way. On this occasion they seemed to realize that something was going on, somewhere—and somebody was on board who wanted to go there.

We reached the capital on Wednesday p. m., one thousand and twelve miles in forty-two hours running time. The weather was charming during the entire route; all vestiges of snow disappeared soon after leaving Chicago, excepting a little "patch" on the Alleghany mountains soon after passing the "long tunnel" on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

We passed Harper's Ferry at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. The train waits at this historical point ten minutes—whether to give passengers an opportunity to indulge in "remembrances of the past," I know not—at any rate our party were prompt to turn the few minutes delay to that account, for the cars had barely ceased moving, when the whole party were on the bridge, all anxiously enquiring "where's the John Brown fort?" A little boy of unmistakable African features, but of questionable complexion, squinting suspiciously towards the "F. F. V.'s," seemed to be charged with the high functions of public guide and commentator general of these renowned pre-cursors—a kind of "Pub Fun" of Harpers Ferry!!

On our arrival at the capital we found the city all active with a mixed multitude, of various men and bearing—good nature prominent, but anxiety preponderating, all intent upon politics in general, and office-seeking in particular.

Post-offices seem to be the great rage—I was asked several times on the way, "what post-office do you want?" I must say I was somewhat tempted to go in for the Janesville post-office, on the ground that where there are so many applicants, defeat will not at any rate seem to be disgraceful. There is no such thing as bridling Old Abe by going up on the blind side. He dislikes anything that looks like pulling, or management. He will not get over in a day, the manner in which his friends "put him through" his last six hours' journey to Washington, whether there was any real reason for it or not. There is nothing in cog in riding on a flat boat, and that has been the custom of his life—out, where he could see folks and have them see him.

Politically, everything is piled in the usual cauldron of the last day of the session, and the mess will be hurried off in hot haste long before you receive this.

You will have learned by telegraph what the fate of the HOUSE'S PEACE COMPROMISE measure has been. At this present writing its final fate has not transpired. But from the way it was commented upon in the senate by Messrs. Mason, Hunter and Green, it is no sort of matter what becomes of it. It won't save the border states if they can help it. The slavery agitation of which they are the originators, they are determined shall never be quieted. Its sole stock in trade, and they can't afford to sell out at any price.

But my notes are already too long.
Yours truly,
A. G.
Washington, March 2, 1861.

W. C. Rogers has been recommended for postmaster in La Crosse at a caucus of the republicans of that city. He received 65 votes, A. McLain 31, M. F. Colton, and "scattering" 8.

GOV. CHASE ACCEPTS.—Gov. Chase decided only yesterday morning to accept the proffered position in the cabinet. He left with reluctance the senate, to which he was elected for a full term last winter. We are heartily glad that he has accepted the new position, as just such a man as he is needed in the important office to which he has been assigned.

FREDERICK W. SEWARD, son of the ex-senator, and long assistant editor of the Albany Journal, has been confirmed as Assistant Secretary of State.

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN was threatened with assassination in Baltimore four years ago, and he was consequently taken through without stopping—three hours in advance of the proposed time. It is well for this nearly forgotten fact now to be recalled.

We have noticed this paragraph in two or three of our exchanges. If any of them can give the particulars, they will be highly acceptable and useful just at this time.

MARYLAND AND THE ADMINISTRATION.—A special despatch to the Cincinnati Gazette, dated Baltimore the 5th, says—"The president's inaugural has been extensively read here. Many think it not sufficiently explicit regarding the existing national troubles, but it is generally well spoken of, and hopes are freely entertained that it will have a good effect in restoring peace to the country. Maryland will unhesitatingly support the policy of Mr. Lincoln's inaugural, in preference to secession or disunion in any shape. A vast crowd have returned from Washington homeward."

NEWSPAPER IMPROVEMENT.—The Milwaukee Sentinel puts on a neat, new dress—a good evidence of prosperity and the continued support of the public.

The Richmond Whig says that South Carolina is pursuing a suicidal course. We don't know of any state that could better pursue such a course with greater advantage to mankind.—Louisville Journal.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

(Condensed from the Milwaukee Sentinel.)

In the SENATE, the bill to remove the county seat of Dodge county to Beaver Dam was killed "dead."

Mr. Bartlett, from the state prison committee, which had recently visited the state prison, read a long and able report. The committee speak very highly of the excellent management of the institution, as efficient, humane and salutary. The report was accompanied by bills necessary to carry out the recommendations it contained.

A resolution, directing the committee to visit St. Mary's Hospital in Milwaukee, was adopted. The resolution has passed both houses.

A bill to allow the names of circuit and supreme judges to be on separate ballots, was indefinitely postponed.

The assembly bill to amend the statutes, of the forms of civil actions and parties thereto, was passed under suspension of the rules, and needs only the signature of the governor to become a law. It provides for bringing into court all persons interested in cases pending.

The resolution, from the assembly, endorsing the inaugural message was passed with only one vote (Sweet, a democrat from Dane county) against it. Maxon and Decker, two other democrats, were excused from voting.

The bill legalizing sales and proceedings of executors and administrators, heretofore made, and hereafter to be made, in certain circumstances, was passed.

The bill to amend last winter's law, in relation to grand and petit juries, was passed. It authorizes the judge to order not more than 36 nor less than 16 names, in the jury box, to be drawn from.

In the ASSEMBLY, the committee on apportionment reported back the resolution referred to them recommending that the number of senators be fixed at 33, and assemblymen at 100. Adopted.

Bills were passed: Authorizing the city of Appleton to exchange bonds with its present bondholders. Amend Revised Statutes, "Inquests of the dead."

Amend Revised Statutes, "Taxes." To allow exemptions more equally than at present.

To reduce the number of copies of reports of state officers to be printed hereafter.

To authorize the secretary of state to audit accounts for rent, etc.

A NEW PHASE OF THE GEORGIA STRIDERS.—It is understood that one of the New York vessels recently seized at Savannah, by order of the governor of Georgia, had shipped nine hundred bales of cotton belonging to an Englishman, and that the despoiled shipper has set off post-haste to Washington to lay his grievances before the British minister. If this report be true, the federal government will be called upon to interfere, and the contest between New York and Georgia will take the shape of a government investigation, in which case Gov. Brown will probably find that he has more on his hands than he bargained for. The case is becoming interesting.

REPORT CONTRADICTED.—It is now said that Mr. Lincoln did not pass through Baltimore in disguise. The Tribune's Washington correspondent says: "I am able to say authoritatively that it is not true that Mr. Lincoln came from Harrisburg to this city in disguise. On the contrary, he came in his usual citizen's dress, unaccompanied by any one except Cal. Lamon, who is one of his suits." This latter is also corroborated, in similar language, by the correspondent of the Herald.

THE COUNTERFEITERS.—Simon Houck and J. R. Negus, the two men who were arrested in Chicago on Friday night for passing counterfeit money on the Madison Bank of Wisconsin, were brought before Justices Alkin and Davis, in that city, on Saturday, and held to bail in \$800 each for further examination. Mr. Houck has hitherto borne an irreproachable character, and this sudden disclosure falls with crushing weight upon an estimable family.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL.

WASHINGTON, March 2.
AN IMPORTANT MEASURE DEFEATED.—The House spent many hours in the consideration of the post office and civil bills and the amendments, after which a very important measure was brought up and voted on. This was the bill of Bingham of Ohio, providing for the collection of customs on shipboard in seceded states, and authorizing the president, when deemed necessary, to employ the naval forces to execute the revenue laws. This was a bill which the republican caucus agreed to support time ago, and they supported it without flinching, except a few dodged. Unluckily for the bill it was crowded into the last day, when it could not be taken up without suspension of the rules, and it failed, losing 62, showing a very heavy majority for the measure.

POSTAL SYSTEM IN C. S. A.—The congress of the "one-brother confederacy" has adopted an act, raising the rates of letter postage to ten cents for any distance under 500 miles, and ten cents for all distances over 500 miles, also fixing the rates of postage at two cents on drop letters. The postal committee recommended the discontinuance of a large number of offices and routes, and the adoption of the "star bid" system of awarding mail contracts—giving the contracts to the lowest bidder, without regard to the manner or the speed of conveyance!

RED AGAINST BLACK REPUBLICANISM.—Col. Wm. F. Sanford, of Alabama, who has long favored a dissolution of the Union, is now for co-operation and a common and united policy to preserve our institutions common to the south. He writes to the editor of the Tusculum Republican that his views and feelings have been much misunderstood and misrepresented—that he has been denied a hearing through the most ultra papers, and says, "We are in the hands of revolutionary rebels. It is red against black republicanism." We feel there is too much truth in this remark of Col. Sanford.—Nashville Patriot.

A GRANDSON OF PRESIDENT CRITTENDEN KILLED.—On the 8th inst., a duel was fought near Danversville, on the Florida and Georgia line, between Edwin Hart, editor of the Florida Sentinel, and Crittenden, grandson, grandson of Senator Crittenden. Both were killed on the ground.

From the Madison Journal.
Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

We raise the name of Hon. Orasmus Cole as a candidate for re-election to the office of associate justice of the supreme court.

A large number of calls addressed to Judge Cole, and numerous signed by citizens of all sections of the state, irrespective of party, have been forwarded to him asking him to become a candidate. We annex a copy of one of these calls together with Judge Cole's response:

TO THE HON. ORASMUS COLE.—The undersigned, citizens of the state of Wisconsin, having full confidence in your integrity, learning, ability and fitness for the office of associate justice of the supreme court of this state, which you now hold and honor, respectfully request you to become a candidate for re-election.

MADISON, MARCH 6, 1861.
GENTLEMEN:—I am in receipt of your communication requesting me to allow the use of my name as a candidate for re-election to the office of associate justice of the supreme court.

I have likewise received other communications of a similar character, signed by citizens in different parts of the state, and making a like request. I am unable to give any other reply to these various communications, than to return herewith my sincere thanks to the signers of them, for the sentiments of confidence and regard which they have expressed towards me, and, in compliance with their request, to announce myself a candidate for the office of associate justice of the supreme court at the coming election.

I remain respectfully yours,
O. COLE.

TO MESSRS. C. C. Hopkins, Chas. T. Wakely, O. H. Walcott, John N. Waring, Wm. C. Allen, John H. Johnson and others.

Judge Cole is one of the very best men in the state. All men who know him have unlimited confidence in his integrity and impartiality. He has the benefit of six years' experience on the bench. Men of all parties ought to unite for his re-election. When we get a good man on the bench let us keep him there.

We are gratified to observe the names of many democrats upon these calls. For example, in the one circulated here, we see, among others, the names of Judge Hood, Calvin Ainsworth, L. B. Viles, Wm. H. Hasbrouck, J. D. Gurnee, A. B. Bralley, B. F. Larkin, and other prominent and well known democrats. The same feature characterizes the calls from Racine, Grant, Walworth, and other counties which we have examined.

THE TERRITORIES.—It is said by the advocates of slavery extension that the territories are held by the north and south in common, each having an undivided interest therein, it is but fair that the immigrants from either section should have the privilege of using such kind of labor as they may choose in cultivating the soil, or in pursuit of other branches of industry. And this privilege is claimed as an essential element in that "equality of the states" which the constitution was intended to secure.

At a first view there seems to be some plausibility in this way of arguing. Looked at, however, a little more carefully, we think this common ownership of the territorial domain will be seen to be a conclusive reason against the extension of slavery thereto.

It is precisely because we of the north do possess this interest in the territories, that we deny the right of the south to do anything which shall injure or deteriorate our property so owned. We look upon these broad lands as fields for the planting, not only of corn, or wheat, or cotton, but also as countries for the planting of institutions which shall be beneficial agencies for continuing the blessings of civilization, learning and religion to those who are to come after us in future generations, and for whom we hold this great property in trust.

It is our honest thought—our deepest conviction—that slavery is a curse and a hindrance to true prosperity—and we claim the same right to keep it out of the moral field in which we hold a share, as to exclude from our farms the seeds of the noxious weeds which beloken the effects of the primeval curse.

Look at the census and realize the need which free society has for expansion and development, and say if it be not only our right but our duty to guard the public domain and keep it sacred to freedom—to the ideas which underlie our history—our declaration of independence, our progress in all that makes a people truly great!—Chicago Tribune.

FOUR COUNTERFEITERS SHOT.—At Poca-hontas, Tennessee, a family consisting of an old man and his two sons, named respectively William S. Carper, George and William Carper, and his son-in-law, whose name is Grader, were lately arrested on a charge of counterfeiting. The testimony, including that of a confederate, implicated them in the doings of a gang who are concerned in horse stealing and robbery, and the making of spurious gold coins, which manufacture, the evidence went to show, is carried on in Memphis. The men were arrested on a charge of being concerned in the manufacture of \$24 pieces, and on examination were bound over for trial. On being released, they threatened to take the lives of the prosecutor and of their old associate who had made revelations.

The citizens became indignant at this defiance of law, and on Tuesday afternoon proceeded to re-conduct them to prison. After a struggle, they succeeded in disarming the men, but on proceeding to take them to prison, the four made a desperate effort to escape, and an exciting scene ensued. The citizens, determined that such bold villains should not again prey upon the community, fired upon them as they tried to run off. The shots were numerous, and not one of the four men escaped being hit; some of them were struck four or five times. W. S. Carper was killed on the spot, Geo. Carper was not expected to survive on Tuesday night, and Grader was seriously but not fatally injured. Geo. Carper was recently tried, probably in Memphis, on a charge of stealing a trunk containing sixteen hundred dollars.

We get the particulars, as nearly as they have been collected, from the Memphis Appeal, of Thursday.
STRUCK THE RIGHT STRING.—We have never heard a public document spoken of in terms of more general approval and satisfaction than that which has greeted President Lincoln's inaugural message. It has touched the right cord in every patriotic heart; its unpretending sincerity, its bold and frank tone, and its persuasive logic meet with but one response. Men of all parties endorse it, and we have heard hundreds of democrats with whom we have labored side by side for years say that if that was republicanism they were republicans—and we freely echo the sentiment. Only five democrats in the assembly yesterday voted against a resolution cordially endorsing it.

We shall be surprised if the calm, statesman-like and clear tone of the message does not do more to restore peace and confidence to the country than all the movements of politicians since the election. It is not too much to say that the message is an object to the feelings, nor why it does not furnish common ground upon which measures of peace and conciliation may be based.—Madison Argus.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.
BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE,
Office in Union Passenger Depot.

MONTGOMERY, March 6.
Congress confirmed John H. Reagan of Texas post master general in place of Ellett of Mississippi, declined.

WASHINGTON, March 6.
The Californians, 144 strong, called upon the president this p. m.

Engine Sullivan, Leland Stanford and Dr. B. A. Canon paid their visit to Mr. Lincoln at the white house and from the white house they proceeded to the residence of Sen. Latham, of California, who invited them in, and after a toast in California wine to himself and wife, he made a stirring union speech closing with the expression of the hope that his visitors would get offices. This was received with a hearty concurrence. They then called on Sen. Baker, Vice President Hamlin, and Sen. Johnson. Their visit to Gen. Scott is deferred till tomorrow.

Numerous other state delegations were engaged in visiting.
Gen. Scott was called upon to make two speeches in the course of an hour and a half.

Crawford, Forsyth and Roman, the commissioners from the southern confederacy, are in Washington and it is said will make known the purpose of their visit to the President on Tuesday.

A number of senators of the late congress left to-day, among them was Ex-Senator Bigler of Pennsylvania.

The republican senate contemplate holding a caucus to agree on new officers for that body.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.
The Herald's special correspondent from New Orleans dated the 6th inst., sends the following:

The opinion of leading men here is that Chase and Blair are the most objectionable men in Mr. Lincoln's cabinet. Great confidence is expressed that Mr. Seward, from his avowed position as to coercion, will inaugurate a peace policy, drop his irreconcilable conflict principles and immortalize himself.

In the convention the resolutions introduced to-day, objecting to the tariff further than to secure revenue as also the security of the public domain to the state, are not intended to throw obstacles in the way of the formation of a southern confederacy.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 6.
Among the resolutions offered in convention this morning and referred to the committee on federal relations, was one moving that a convention be called of all southern states not seceded, to meet at Nashville on the 10th of April.

Another providing for the constitution as shall secure to all the states equal rights in the Union, and declaring no reason existed why Missouri should secede, and that it would be highly injurious to her to do so. Another declaring that states having once bound themselves together, could not dissolve their connection at pleasure. Another that Missouri adopt a policy according to her own interests and invite western states to join her in the effort to maintain peaceful unbroken Union states.

Col. Donniphon offered resolutions declaring any attempt to use coercion by the federal government, would inevitably result in civil war and military despotism.

WASHINGTON, March 7.
The war department to-day received letters from Major Anderson, dated the 4th, but they contained nothing of special importance. The most friendly feelings exist between him and the South Carolina authorities. Postal facilities are still open to him and privileges of marketing to a limited extent continue.

Gen. Cameron leaves here to-day for Pennsylvania. He has not qualified and will return probably on Monday. In the meantime Mr. Holt, by request, will continue to discharge the duties of secretary of war.

John A. Jones, of Illinois, to-day, appointed superintendent of statistics in the state department, vice H. C. McLaughlin. Numerous others were visitors, were at the different departments this morning and many applications for office filed.

The new cabinet held their first meeting to-day.

Despatches from flag-officer Streiber were received at the navy department to-day. He says that in consequence of the disturbed state of China, he had not until January 1st, considered it proper to send any vessel to the southward. The John Adams had sailed for Manila. He expected to go north with the Hartford and Saginaw.

The N. O. Picayune of 23, contains Galveston notes of Feb. 20th.

The Texas forces under Col. Ford, accompanied by commissioner Nichols, found at Brazos 20 soldiers under Lieut. Thompson, found guns and plenty of artillery stores, ammunition, &c. Capt. Hill had previously withdrawn his light battery, and with his party was en route to Brazos to destroy the gun carriages and moveables there.

On demanding of Capt. Hill the surrender of Fort Brown, he called Capt. Nichols and his men traitors, and sent to Fort Bingham for 200 men.

Capt. Hill's men say that he is determined to defend Fort Brown to the last, and would not obey any orders from Gen'l Twiggs to surrender.

The soldiers at Fort Brown were in excellent health and spirits.

Texas troops were being sent from Galveston to reinforce Col. Ford who was at Brownsville.

WASHINGTON, March 6.
Commodore Stewart is appointed president of the court martial for the trial of Capt. Armstrong. Commodores Shubrick, Paulding, Jarvis and Reed, with two captains, will compose the court. The charges against Armstrong are—

1st. Disobedience of orders.
2d. Failure to reinforce Fort Pickens, when requested by Lieut. Slommer.
3d. Failure to supply the fort with provisions.

Alexander Johnson says publicly that he wants nothing more to go to Tennessee upon, than Corwin's joint resolution.

Mrs. Lincoln was to-day presented with a span of magnificent horses upon the part of several New York gentlemen.

The feeling among the diplomatists is that the inaugural will be very acceptable to the European powers.

Judge Douglas received the following despatch to-day from Richmond:

"To which Douglas and Crittenden replied 'Yes, there is hope; stand firm, and all will be right yet.'"

Mr. Douglas said to-day that the inaugural shows Mr. Lincoln has nerve to say what is right, platform or no platform. I defend the inaugural, believing it an emanation from the brain of a patriot.

Anderson under advisement, but the probabilities favor Col. Sumner.

Industrial parties are pressing Philip Dorseheimer for navy officer at New York. Judge Wilnot and others are urging S. N. Peters for governor of Nebraska.

Carl Schurz will doubtless have the Sardinian mission, Burlington, the only other applicant, having withdrawn in his favor.

A. M. Clapp, of the Buffalo Express, is to have the Buffalo post office.

THE MARKETS.
NEW YORK, March 7.
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THE KING AND SEIDITZ POWDERS.—On the first consignment of seiditz powders in the capital of Delhi, the monarch became deeply interested in the accounts of the refreshing box. A box was brought to the king in full court, and the interpreter explained to the king how it should be used. Into a goblet he put the twelve blue papers, and having added water, the king drank it off. This was the alkali, and the royal countenance expressed no signs of satisfaction. It was then explained that in the combination of the two powders lay the luxury; and the twelve white powders were quickly dissolved, and as eagerly swallowed by his majesty. With a shriek that will be remembered while Delhi is numbered with the kingdoms, the monarch rose, staggered, exploded, and in his full agonies, exclaimed "Hold me down!" then rushed from the throne and fell prostrate on the floor. There he laid during the long continued effervescence of the compound, spiriting like ten thousand peacocks in the agonies of death—a melancholy and humiliating proof that kings are mortal.

MARSHAL LEWIS AND HIS SUBS.—Marshal Lewis addresses a circular to his deputies, through the columns of the News, informing them of the result of his application to Superintendent Kennedy for money to pay them for taking the census. The reply of the superintendent is, that they will be paid off "just as soon as the government has the money for that object."

Now, we would suggest, to illustrious matters, that Jehu had better take an order on the sub-treasurer at New Orleans. That functionary has a half million of the government funds in his hands, and he could not refuse to respond to an order in favor of so devoted a friend of southern rights as our marshal.—Free Democrat.

There is an exceeding propriety in the Charleston Mercury coming forward to defend ex-secretary Floyd. Mercury was the god of thieves in the heathen system of mythology, and there is still something in a name.

OHIO IN KANSAS.—Oil has been discovered in different parts of Kansas, and preparations are said to be making with a view to extensive operations in that line.

NECKLACES.—In France, necklaces were not worn by ladies until the reign of Charles the Seventh. The prince presented one of precious stones—some say of diamonds—to Agnes Sorel. The gems were probably uncut, perhaps unskillfully set, for the lady complained that they hurt her neck; and comparing it to an instrument of punishment, she denominated the ornament her carcan, i. e. carcanel. However, as the king admired it, she continued to wear the jewel, saying that one might bear some little inconvenience for those we love. The fashion was immediately adopted by the ladies of the court, and soon became general. From that time, the necklace has been more or less worn. Sometimes, as in the reign of Catherine de Medici, pearls were all the fashion; and the pictures of that queen, of the celebrated Diane de Poitiers, her rival, and of the fair Marie Stuart, show how richly were those ladies in this respect. Under Marie de Medici, pearls continued in favor, not only for necklaces, but every other ornament; dresses were covered with them, and fillets and strings of pearls were mingled with the tresses left to flow loose upon the shoulders. Under Louis the Fourteenth, diamonds superseded pearls, and were used with like profusion. Diamond vicires took the place of strings of pearls.

MARRIED.
In the town of Janesville, at the home of the bride, on the 5th inst., by Rev. M. P. Kinnear, Mr. ALICE RIPLEY, of Iowa, and Miss ELIZABETH STUNK.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

House and Lot for Sale.
LOT 4 in block 7 in Palmer & Sutcliff's addition. This excellent lot and good frame house will be sold cheap. Terms easy. Enquire at the office of HENRY C. SPALDING, 48 Cedar Street, New York.

CLERK'S OFFICE
OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.
NOTICE is hereby given that the drawing of the Grand and Petit Jurors will take place at my office, Saturday, the 23rd inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. in the Court Room, at Janesville, March 23, 1861.
LEVI ALDEN, Clerk.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,
West Milwaukee Street,
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

G. R. CURTIS,
DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
KEEPS on hand a full stock of all articles belonging to the General Drug Trade, and of the
Best Quality,
and always sells at the
LOWEST PRICES.
Physicians are requested to examine quality and price.

Fainting Materials,
a full assortment.
Dye Stuffs, Machine Oil and Kerosene Oil,
best quality and low price.
BURNING FLUID, ALCOHOL AND CAMPHENE.
Kerosene and Fluid Lamps and Wicks.

BRUSHES AND COMBS,
TOILET ARTICLES & FIXINGS,
Hair Oils and Pomades,
PORTE NOIRAS, POCKET KNIVES, NICK NACKS, &c.,
TOILET & COMMON SOAPS, &c.,
all for sale
CHEAP FOR CASH.
PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Nervous Headache
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained. They seldom fail in removing Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Obstructions.

For Literary Men, Students, delicate females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation, and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach. They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.
Sold by Druggists and all other dealers in Medicines. A box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE 25 CENTS.
All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF
SPALDING'S
CEPHALIC PILLS,
will convince all who suffer from
HEADACHE.
THAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE
IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these Testimonials were solicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASSVILLE, Conn., Feb. 7, 1861.
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I like them so well that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.

Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you. Send the Pills by mail, and I will send you the money.

Your Obedt. Servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HATFIELD, Pa., Feb. 6, 1861.
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. I have received a great deal of benefit from them. Yours respectfully,
MARY ANN STOKERHOUSE.

SOURCE CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., Pa.,
JANUARY 18, 1861.
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately. Respectfully yours,
TNO. D. SIMONS.

P. S.—I have used one box of your Pills, and find them excellent.

RELS VERNON, Ohio, Jan. 16, 1861.
I wish for some circular or large show bill, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers, and receive the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.

One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days), was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which I sent her. Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO,
January 9, 1861.
DEAR SIR:
I have just received a box of your Cephalic Pills, and I have used one box of your Pills, and I find them to be a most valuable medicine.

Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

PERLHART, Mich., Jan. 14, 1861.
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Constipation, and receive the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.

Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHELER,
Friesland, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz: Cure of headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases, with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Louis, Mo.
If you are ever troubled with the headache, send for a box (Cephalic Pills) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIPERS!
DISPATCH!
A BOTTLE IN TIME SAVES

San Railway
MENT.

7:15 A. M.
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3.40 P. M.
 and Milwaukee, or direct
 for sale to all points
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 Superintendent.
 Milwaukee, Wis.
 J. M. Smith, Agent.

W. ANGEL, Agent.
Railroad.
Northern & Albany North-
all places in New
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ROUTE TO THE EAST.
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Michigan Southern
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